

Optical microscopy is a powerful tool in biological research, but it is important to remember that there are some basic optical/physics principles involved. To best prepare samples for microscopy we need to use these principles to our advantage and <u>not</u> to our disadvantage.

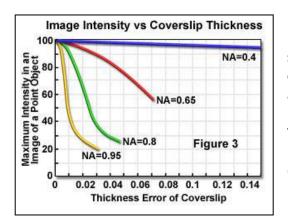
There are a number of markings on a microscope objective lens. Shown here are examples of 40x oil immersion objective lenses from all of the major microscope vendors. Every lens in this image is clearly marked with the number 0.17. This number is the expected thickness of the coverslip on the microscope slide (or the bottom of a culture dish) given in millimeters. This thin piece



of glass is factored into the optical calculations when the lens is designed. Plastic coverslips and/or culture dish bottoms are <u>not</u> acceptable substitutes for a glass coverslip.

| Coverslip # | Thickness |
|-------------|-----------------|
| о | 0.085 - 0.13 mm |
| 1 | 0.13 - 0.16 mm |
| 1.5 | 0.16 - 0.19 mm |
| 1.5H | 0.17 - 0.18 mm |
| 2 | 0.19 - 0.23 mm |
| 3 | 0.25 - 0.35 mm |
| 4 | 0.43 - 0.64 mm |

DIN ISO 8255 standard



Commercially available coverslips come in a variety of thicknesses, but the thickness closest to 0.17mm is a #1.5 coverslip. For the newer, superresolution optical microscopes, a #1.5H (high performance) is the required thickness. Using the incorrect coverslip thickness can greatly reduce your ability to get the most information out of your sample using an optical microscope.

Coverslip thickness is less important when using objective lenses that have a numerical aperture (NA) of 0.4 or lower, which on most microscopes would only be lenses between 1x-10x. As magnification (2x or higher) and NA increases, the loss from having an incorrect thickness coverslip can become significant. The graph shown used a fluorescent bead for this test and it clearly shows a significant drop in the maximum intensity of the bead (which could easily be a structure in a cell) with even small deviations from the optimal coverslip thickness. The intensity losses are due to optical aberrations and the effect on transmitted light images is similar.

The bottom line is that the best (brightest, crispest, high resolution) microscopy images can only be captured when using the correct (#1.5) thickness glass coverslip. Given that coverslips are inexpensive, why use the wrong thickness?

Note: There are some lenses that do not require coverslips, or have an adjustable collar to compensate for variations in coverslip thickness. The majority of microscope lenses expect a 0.17mm thickness glass coverslip.

Graph is from: https://www.microscopyu.com/articles/formulas/formulascoverslipcorrection.html

Standardize on the #1.5H

The #1.5H coverslips can be a bit more difficult to locate, since this is a relatively new ISO standard thickness. Because the manufacturing tolerance is might more stringent, these coverslips are required for superresolution microscopy. Given that these coverslips can improve images with every microscope, why not standardize on this thickness?

<u>Compare:</u> a 22x22mm high precision (#1.5H) coverslip costs \$65/box of 200 (Bioscience Tools), which comes to \$0.33 each. A regular #1.5 Corning coverslip of the same size from Sigma-Aldrich is \$25.50/pack of 200, which comes to \$0.13 each.

| US Distributor information (checked 10/2017) | Available coverslip sizes for #1.5H |
|---|--|
| Azer Scientific (distributor for Marienfeld-Superior.com) Morgantown, PA | Rectangular: 18x18mm, 22x22mm, 24x50mm, 24x60mm Circular: 10mm, 12mm, 18mm, |
| http://www.azerscientific.com/ search for high precision | 25mm |
| Applied Microarrays, Inc. (distributor for Schott.com) Tempe, AZ | Rectangular: 18x18mm, 22x22mm, 24x60mm, 25x65mm, 25x75mm |
| https://appliedmicroarrays.com/product/high-performance-coverslip-1-5h-cleanroom- cleaned/ | Other dimensions are available to special order |
| Bioscience Tools San Diego, CA | Rectangular: 18x18mm, 22x22mm, 24x50mm, 25x60mm Circular: 10mm, 12mm, 13mm, |
| http://www.biosciencetools.com/catalog/Coverslips.htm (CSHP-No1.5) | 18mm, 24mm, 25mm |
| Carl Zeiss Microscopy LLC Thornwood, NY <u>https://www.micro-</u> shop.zeiss.com/index.php?s=207271689a48d43&l=en&p=us&f=s&0=0&h=25&q=cover+gl ass | Rectangular: 18x18mm, 22x22mm |
| Ibidi Madison, WI http://ibidi.com/ search for high then restrict the search to Labware / glass bottom, even then you will been to read the product specifications to ensure that you order the #1.5H | Several types of cell culture dishes/chambers with #1.5H glass coverslips |
| MatTek Ashland, MA https://www.mattek.com/product-category/cultureware/ | 35mm culture dish with 14mm round #1.5h coverslip opening (<i>P35G-0.170-14-C</i>) Rectangular: 18x18mm |
| | (PCS-170-1818) |

Mr. Cromey is grateful for the support he receives from the SWEHSC (P30-ES006694) and the UACC (P30-CA023074).

From the UA Microscopy Alliance - http://microscopy.arizona.edu/learn/printable-materials ©2017 The University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ (original 09/2015, updated 10/2017)